

**FIFRA 24(c) SPECIAL LOCAL NEED
EPA SLN No. WI-140002**

**FIFRA 24(c) SPECIAL LOCAL NEED
FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN ON CUCUMBERS TO
CONTROL NUTSEDGE AND LISTED BROADLEAF WEEDS.**

Sandea[®]
Herbicide

EPA REG. No. 81880-18

**This label expires and must not be distributed or used in accordance with this
SLN registration after 12-31-2018**

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% BY WT.
Halosulfuron-methyl	75.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	25.0%
	TOTAL 100.0%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.
- It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- All applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered label are to be followed.

It is a violation of federal law to harm an endangered species. Use of this product may be in counties which have endangered and threatened species present; therefore, applicators should evaluate the areas to be treated and take necessary precautions to avoid harming endangered species or their habitat/environment. Applicators may refer to http://datcp.wi.gov/Farms/Endangered_Species/ for help in identifying the species and their habitats. Growers who are uncertain of the presence of a protected species should contact the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection at 608-224-4547.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE
PREHARVEST INTERVAL**

The required days between last application and harvest are given in () after each crop name.

CROP	OZ/ACRE	COMMENTS
CUCUMBERS <i>(including pickles) (21)</i>	1/2 – 1	Apply uniformly with ground equipment in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. Direct-seeded: Bare ground (no mulch) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preemergence - Apply SANDEA after planting, but prior to soil cracking. Use the lower rate on lighter textured soils with low organic matter. • Postemergence - Apply SANDEA after the crop has reached at least 3 to 5 true leaves but before first female flowers appear. SANDEA can be applied as an over-the-top application, a directed spray application, or with crop shields to minimize contact of the herbicide with the crop. Direct-seeded: Plastic mulch <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pre-seeding - Apply SANDEA following final bed shaping and just prior to the installation of the plastic mulch. Crop may be seeded into this treated area no sooner than 7 days after application and the installation of the plastic mulch unless local conditions demonstrate safety at an earlier interval. Use the lower rate on lighter textured soils with low organic matter. • Postemergence - Apply SANDEA after the crop has at least 3 to 5 true leaves but before first female flowers appear. SANDEA can be applied as an over-the-top application, a directed spray application, or with crop shields to minimize contact of the herbicide with the crop. Additional phytotoxicity may occur when applications are made over plastic due to concentration of product in the planting hole. Note: Over-the-top applications on plastic are not allowed in Northeastern and Midwestern states.

CROP	OZ/ACRE	COMMENTS
CUCUMBERS <i>(including pickles) (21)</i>	1/2 – 1	Transplanted: Bare ground (no mulch) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pre-transplant - Apply SANDEA as a pre-transplant application. Crop may be transplanted into this treated area no sooner than 7 days after application unless local conditions demonstrate safety at an earlier interval. Use the lower rate on lighter textured soils with low organic matter. Care should be taken to limit movement of SANDEA-treated surface soil during the transplanting process since if treated soil is moved into the transplant hole injury can occur. • Post-transplant - Apply SANDEA to transplants that are established and actively growing. Applications should not be made until plants are actively growing and in the 3 to 5 true leaf stage or no sooner than 14 days after transplanting unless local conditions demonstrate safety at an earlier interval, but before first female flowers appear. SANDEA may be applied as an over-the-top application, a directed spray application, or with crop shields to minimize contact of the herbicide with the crop.
		Transplanted: Plastic mulch <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pre-transplant - Apply SANDEA following final bed shaping and just prior to the installation of the plastic mulch. Crop may be transplanted into this treated area no sooner than 7 days after the application and the installation of the plastic mulch unless local conditions demonstrate safety at an earlier interval. Use the lower rate on lighter textured soils with low organic matter. Care should be taken to limit movement of SANDEA-treated surface soil during the transplanting process since if treated soil is moved into the transplant hole injury can occur. • Post-transplant - Apply SANDEA to transplants that are established, actively growing and in the 3 to 5 true leaf stage or no sooner than 14 days after transplanting unless local conditions demonstrate safety at an earlier interval, but before first female flowers appear. Apply SANDEA as an over-the-top application, a directed spray application, or with crop shields to minimize contact of the herbicide with the crop. Additional phytotoxicity can occur when applications are made over plastic due to concentration of product in the transplant hole. Note: Over-the-top applications on plastic are not allowed in Northeastern and Midwestern states.
		Split Applications for Nutsedge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preemergence followed by postemergence for nutsedge control To maximize control of nutsedge, it may be necessary to use a postemergence application to those areas where the nutsedge has emerged later following a preemergence application. For these situations, use a spot treatment method treating only those areas of emerged nutsedge. Application rate should not exceed 1.0 oz. product per treated acre in these areas. Use a water volume that will allow for good coverage of the plants. Avoid contact of the herbicide with the planted crop. • Postemergence followed by postemergence for nutsedge control To maximize control of nutsedge, it may be necessary to use a second postemergence spot application to those areas where the nutsedge has emerged or re-grown. For these situations, use a spot treatment method treating only those areas of emerged nutsedge. Allow a minimum of 21 days between applications. Application rate should not exceed 1.0 oz. product per treated acre in these areas. Use a water volume that will allow for good coverage of the plants. Avoid contact of the herbicide with the planted crop.
		Direct-seeded and Transplant: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Row Middle/Furrow Applications - Apply SANDEA between rows of direct-seeded or transplanted crop. Avoid contact of the herbicide with the planted crop. If plastic is used on the planted row, adjust equipment to keep the application off the plastic. Reduce rate and spray volume in proportion to area actually sprayed.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A maximum of 2 applications may be made per crop-cycle. • Do not apply more than 2 oz. SANDEA per acre per crop-cycle not to exceed 2 oz. per acre per 12 month period (includes applications to the crop and to row middle/furrows). • Runners that come in contact with the plastic can pick up residual SANDEA and may exhibit a visual crop response. • Consult "Use Precautions" and "For Optimum Results" for important usage information. 		

NOTE: This product is sold subject to the CONDITIONS OF SALE set forth on the container label.

24(c) Registrant: Gowan Company, P.O. Box 5569, Yuma, AZ, 85366-5569

EPA Reg. No. 81880-18
EPA Est. No.

Produced For:
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