## Chocolates and Candy Sold from a Bulk Case

## Methods of Sale for Bulk Chocolates and Candies

Bulk chocolates and candies sold by weight at retail must be sold by one of the following methods:

- Product is weighed at the time of sale
- Individual product packages are labeled with their weight
- A placard stating the guaranteed minimum weight of the individual product is conspicuously posted at the display

Confection products enclosed in a wrapper and sold in the same location as produced must have a net weight statement on a placard or on their product label if there is one. Unpackaged products are considered bulk and should be sold by weight.

## Deducting Tare Weight

Packaged chocolates and candies sold by weight must have the weight of the packaging deducted at the time of sale. Tare weight includes the packaging used to transport or contain the product, such as wrappers, plastic bags, and twist ties.

## Price Display Requirements

The price must be computed, advertised, and displayed according to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Handbook 130, chapter IV.B, section 1.9. It must also be displayed in whole weight units of kilograms or pounds only, not in common or decimal fractions or in ounces. A supplementary declaration is permitted in print no larger than the whole unit price. This supplemental declaration may be expressed in common or decimal fractions or in ounces. For example:

| Chocolates | Chocolates |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1.50$ per piece | $\$ 1.00$ per piece |
| 0.03 lb per piece or $1 ⁄ 2 \mathrm{oz} /$ piece |  |
| $\$ 48.00$ per lb | 13 grams per piece |
| $\$ 76.92$ per kilogram |  |

Bulk Display Candy Boxes filled as a customer selects pieces from a bulk display can use a placard to provide the required price-per-pound information. For example:

16 pc box $=\$ 20.00 / \mathrm{lb}$
8 pc box $=\$ 24.00 / \mathrm{lb}$ or $\$ 12.00$ for $1 / 2$ pound
4 pc box $=\$ 28.00 / \mathrm{lb}$ or $\$ 7.00$ for $1 / 4$ pound

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## Packaging Display Requirements for Pre-packaged Chocolates and Candy

- Principal Display Panel

A "Principal Display Panel" (PDP) is the part of the package which is most likely to be displayed to a consumer. Each PDP on a package must meet the requirements.

- Declaration of Product Identity

The PDP must clearly identify the product in the package or container. This should be a principal feature of the PDP.

- Declaration of Responsibility

The responsible party's name, business address, city, state, and zip code must be located on the product label. The street address may be omitted if it is listed in any publically available resource.

- Declaration of Net Quantity

The PDP must include a net quantity statement, separate from other information in conspicuous and easily legible print.

- Sizes for Lettering and Numbers

Minimum height. For declarations of net quantity, the height of each number and letter must not be less than that shown in Table 1, based on the area of the PDP. Minimum width. For declarations of net quantity, no number or letter may be more than 3 times as high as it is wide.

| Area of PDP | Minimum <br> height <br> height if blown, <br> formed, or <br> molded into <br> package <br> surface |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $32 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ (5 in ${ }^{2}$ ) or less | 1.6 mm <br> $(1 / 16 \mathrm{in})$ | 3.2 mm <br> $(1 / 8 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Greater than $32 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> $\left(5 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$ but not greater <br> than $161 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\left(25 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$ | 3.2 mm <br> $(1 / 8 \mathrm{in})$ | 4.8 mm <br> $(3 / 16 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Greater than $161 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> $\left(25 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$ up to $645 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> $\left(100 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$ | 4.8 mm <br> $(3 / 16 \mathrm{in})$ | 6.4 mm <br> $(1 / 4 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Greater than $645 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> $\left(100 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$ up to 2,581 <br> $\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\left(400 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$ | 6.4 mm <br> $(1 / 4 \mathrm{in})$ | 7.9 mm <br> $(5 / 16 \mathrm{in})$ |
| Greater than 2,581 <br> $\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\left(400 \mathrm{in}^{2}\right)$ | 12.7 mm <br> $(1 / 2 \mathrm{in})$ | 14.3 mm <br> $(9 / 16 \mathrm{in})$ |

## Table 1

