# **Annual Report**

# Agricultural Producer Security Trust Fund

# Year Ended June 30, 2013

Issued November 19, 2013



Division of Trade and Consumer Protection Bureau of Business Trade Practices Agricultural Producer Security Section

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# Wisconsin Agricultural Producer Security Trust Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, and Cash Balances

_	Years Ended			
	<u>30-Jun-13</u>	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11	
Revenues				
Assessments				
Grain Dealers	808,000	728,000	682,000	
Grain Warehouse Keepers	63,000	94,000	120,000	
Milk Contractors	91,000	123,000	438,000	
Vegetable Contractors	31,000	34,000	16,000	
Total Assessments	993,000	979,000	1,256,000	
Licenses Fees & Administrative Revenues				
Grain Dealers	33,000	83,000	166,000	
Grain Warehouse Keepers	277,000	289,000	283,000	
Milk Contractors	165,000	150,000	140,000	
Vegetable Contractors	91,000	53,000	49,000	
Total License Fees & Monthly Fees	566,000	575,000	638,000	
Interest Revenue	16,000	15,000	20,000	
Grain Dealer – Audits for Marketing Boards	7,000	10,000	9,000	
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-	
Total Revenues	1,582,000	1,579,000	1,923,000	
Expenditures				
Salaries and Fringe				
Grain Dealers	262,000	281,000	284,000	
Grain Warehouse Keepers	237,000	250,000	253,000	
Milk Contractors	288,000	331,000	323,000	
Vegetable Contractors	99,000	107,000	104,000	
Total Salaries and Fringe	886,000	969,000	964,000	
Supplies and Services				
Grain Dealers	61,000	64,000	64,000	
Grain Warehouse Keepers	48,000	50,000	49,000	
Milk Contractors	57,000	51,000	42,000	
Vegetable Contractors	15,000	16,000	8,000	
Total Supplies and Services	181,000	181,000	163,000	
Loan Repayment (Principal and Interest)	-	-	-	
Premiums Paid on Financial Backing	-	-	-	
Default Payments to Producers	2,000	-	-	
Miscellaneous Expense	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	1,069,000	1,150,000	1,127,000	
Net Total Revenues Less Total Expenditures	513,000	429,000	796,000	
Beginning Cash Balance	11,801,000	11,372,000	10,576,000	
Ending Cash Balance	12,314,000	11,801,000	11,372,000	

# Wisconsin Agricultural Producer Security Trust Fund Notes to Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, and Cash Balances

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Wisconsin Agricultural Producer Security Trust Fund (the Fund) is established under Section 25.463, Wis. Stats., and is administered by the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (the Department). The Fund is maintained within the Department's Agricultural Producer Security Program (the Program). The Program is governed by Ch. 126 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The purpose of the Program is to provide some level of assurance that milk, vegetable and grain producers will be paid for their products. Generally, persons who purchase grain, milk or vegetables from Wisconsin producers, and grain warehouse keepers who store producer owned grain, are required to comply with the provisions of Ch. 126, Wis. Stats. Collectively, these parties are defined as "Contractors". Ch. 126, Wis. Stats., contains a variety of provisions to ensure that Contractors are able to pay producers. However, if a contractor does fail to pay, producers may be able to make a claim against the Fund.

Fund revenues primarily consist of assessments and license fees paid by licensed Contractors. Fund expenditures include administrative expenditures of operating the Program, and any costs associated with insurance or other backing for the fund. Further, should a contractor fail to pay a grain, milk or vegetable producer, that producer may be able to make a claim against the Fund for partial reimbursement.

#### Note 1 - Accounting Methodology

The Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, and Cash Balances are presented using the cash basis method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when received by the Fund, and expenditures are recognized when disbursed from the Fund.

Responsibility for management of the Fund is split. The Fund is managed within the State of Wisconsin Accounting System, known as WISMART. The State of Wisconsin, Department of Administration is responsible for the overall management of this system. In addition, the State of Wisconsin Investment Board oversees management of investment activities. (See Chapter 25, Wis. Stats.)

Within the Department, the Division of Management Services (DMS) manages and accounts for the overall bank activity and administers transactions as part of WISMART. In addition, state law¹ requires the department to account for the balance in the Fund that is attributable to each of the four contractor license types within the program. Accordingly, the Division of Trade and Consumer Protection (the Division) maintains a parallel, but more detailed accounting system. The four industry license type categories are:

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Grain Warehouse Keepers

Milk Contractors

Vegetable Contractors

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 126.05(2), Wis. Stats.

On a monthly basis, the Division records revenues and expenditures from the state's accounting system, allocates interest revenue, and then reconciles balances, revenues, and expenditures to the "Cash Balance Report" maintained by DMS.

The Fund has two general functions in each of the four Fund industry categories:

- Indemnity Function
- Administrative Function

Four separate industry groups with two separate functions means that there are eight separate portions, or "subaccounts", to the fund. The Division's accounting system maintains revenues, expenditures, and balances for each of these subaccounts separately.

The indemnity function category consists of assessment revenues collected from contractors. Indemnity function expenditures include any payments to producers as a result of default claims, any payments to insurance or financial services companies for the financial backing of the Fund, and license fee credits.<sup>2</sup> The administrative function category consists of license fee revenues and expenditures related to administering the Program.

DMS maintains a monthly Cash Balance Report. This is a record of cash activity segregated by industry category, but does not account for the monthly cash balances in each of the industry categories or functions. The division accounts for the monthly cash balances in each of the industry categories and functions, and allocates any revenues and expenditures not categorized by the DMS. The division reconciles its records to WISMART and to the Cash Balance Report every month.

#### Note 2 - Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Cash Balances by Industry Group

Revenues, expenditures, and cash balances for each of the eight separate subaccounts are shown on the following pages 6 - 9. In addition, there is a section combining the indemnity function and administrative function subaccounts at the bottom of each of the four license categories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Please refer to Section 126.06, Wis. Stats., for provisions relating to contingent financial backing of the Fund. For a discussion of license fee credits, see Note 5, on Page 20 of this report.

Grain Dealer	Years Ended		
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11
Indemnity Function			
Revenues			
Assessments Collected	807,500	728,500	681,700
Interest Income	5,300	4,600	5,400
Total Revenues	812,800	733,100	687,100
Expenses			
Loan Repayment – Principal	-	=	
Loan Repayment Interest	-	=	
Premiums on Financial Backing	-	-	
Default Payments to Producers	2,000	-	
License Fee Credits (transfer to Admin. Function)	302,000	282,200	140,80
Total Expenses	304,000	282,200	140,80
Net Revenues Less Expenses	508,800	450,900	546,30
Beginning Balance	4,159,600	3,708,700	3,162,40
Ending Balance - Indemnity Function	4,668,400	4,159,600	3,708,70
Administrative Function			
Revenues			
License Fee Credits (transfer from Indemnity Function)	302,000	282,200	140,80
License Fees (cash collected from licensees)	33,200	83,200	166,30
Gross License Fees	335,200	365,400	307,10
Audits for Marketing Boards	7,200	10,100	8,60
Miscellaneous Income	-	=	
Interest Income	-	-	
Total Revenues	342,400	375,500	315,70
Expenses			
Salaries and Fringe	262,100	281,500	284,10
Supplies and Services	60,800	64,400	63,50
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	-	
Total Expenses	322,900	345,900	347,60
Net Revenues Less Expenses	19,500	29,600	(31,900
Beginning Balance	(832,100)	(861,700)	(829,800
Ending Balance Administrative Function	(812,600)	(832,100)	(861,700
Combined Indemnity Function plus Administrative Function			
Total Revenue (net of licensee fee credits)	853,300	826,400	862,00
Total Expenses (net of license fee credits)	324,900	345,900	347,60
	528,400	480,500	
Net Revenues Less Expenses	·		514,40
Beginning Balance Ending Balance, Grain Dealer	3,327,500 <b>3,855,900</b>	2,847,000 <b>3,327,500</b>	2,332,600 <b>2,847,00</b>

Grain Warehouse Keeper	Years Ended		
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11
Indemnity Function			
Revenues			
Assessments Collected	\$ 63,500	\$ 94,100	\$ 120,100
Interest Income	800	700	800
Total Revenues	64,300	94,800	120,90
Expenses			
Loan Repayment – Principal	-	-	
Loan Repayment Interest	-	-	
Premiums on Financial Backing	-	-	
Default Payments to Producers	-	-	
License Fee Credits	-	=	
Total Expenses	-	-	
Net Revenues Less Expenses	64,300	94,800	120,90
Beginning Balance	652,700	557,900	437,00
Ending Balance - Indemnity Function	\$ 717,000	\$ 652,700	\$ 557,90
Administrative Function			
Revenues			
License Fee Credits (transfer from Indemnity Function)	\$ -	\$ -	\$
License Fees (cash collected from licensees)	276,800	289,200	283,20
Gross License Fees	276,800	289,200	283,20
Miscellaneous Income	-	-	
Interest Income	-	=	
Total Revenues	276,800	289,200	283,20
Expenses			
Salaries and Fringe	236,700	249,800	252,90
Supplies and Services	47,900	50,300	49,50
Miscellaneous Expense	-	=	
Total Expenses	284,600	300,100	302,40
Net Revenues Less Expenses	(7,800)	(10,900)	(19,200
Beginning Balance	(907,400)	(896,500)	(877,300
Ending Balance Administrative Function	\$ (915,200)	\$ (907,400)	\$ (896,500
Combined Indemnity Function plus Administrative Function			
Total Revenue	\$ 341,100	\$ 384,000	\$ 404,10
Total Expenses	284,600	300,100	302,40
Net Revenues Less Expenses	56,500	83,900	101,70
Beginning Balance	(254,700)	(338,600)	(440,300
Ending Balance, Grain Warehouse Keeper	\$ (198,200)	\$ (254,700)	\$ (338,600

Milk Contractor	Years Ended		
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11
Indemnity Function			
Revenues			
Assessments Collected	90,700	122,500	438,20
Interest Income	8,500	8,400	11,70
Total Revenues	99,200	130,900	449,90
Expenses			
Loan Repayment – Principal	-	-	
Loan Repayment – Interest	-	-	
Premiums on Financial Backing	-	-	
Default Payments to Producers	-	-	
License Fee Credits	264,700	263,300	263,40
Total Expenses	264,700	263,300	263,40
Net Revenues Less Expenses	(165,500)	(132,400)	186,50
Beginning Balance	7,221,200	7,353,600	7,167,10
Ending Balance - Indemnity Function	7,055,700	7,221,200	7,353,60
License Fee Credits (transfer from Indemnity Function)	264,700	263,300	263,40
Revenues			
	•	•	•
License Fees (cash collected from licensees)	164,700	149,900	139,60
Gross License Fees Miscellaneous Income	429,400	413,200	403,00
	-	-	60
Interest Income	600	600	60
Total Revenues	430,000	413,800	403,60
Expenses Salaries and Fringe	288,400	331,000	323,20
Supplies and Services	57,300	51,100	42,20
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	51,100	72,20
Total Expenses	345,700	382,100	365,40
Net Revenues Less Expenses	84,300	31,700	38,20
Beginning Balance	476,700	445,000	406,80
Ending Balance Administrative Function	561,000		
Ending Balance Administrative Function	561,000	476,700	445,00
Combined Indemnity Function plus Administrative Function			
Total Revenue (net of license fee credits)	264,500	281,400	590,10
Total Expenses (net of license fee credits)	345,700	382,100	365,40
Net Revenues Less Expenses	(81,200)	(100,700)	224,70
Beginning Balance	7,697,900	7,798,600	7,573,90
	*	*	•

Vegetable Contractor	Years Ended		
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11
Indemnity Functions			
Revenues			
Assessments Collected	30,800	33,900	16,500
Interest Income	1,100	1,100	1,700
Total Revenues	31,900	35,000	18,20
Expenses			
Loan Repayment – Principal	-	-	
Loan Repayment – Interest	-	-	
Premiums on Financial Backing	-	-	
Default Payments to Producers	-	-	
License Fee Credits	84,000	94,200	110,90
Total Expenses	84,000	94,200	110,90
Revenues Less Expenses	(52,100)	(59,200)	(92,700
Beginning Balance	930,000	989,200	1,081,90
Ending Balance - Indemnity Function	877,900	930,000	989,20
Administrative Functions			
Revenues			
License Fee Credits (transfer from Indemnity Function)	84,000	94,200	110,90
License Fees (cash collected from licensees)	91,000	52,400	49,00
Gross License Fees	175,000	146,600	159,90
Miscellaneous Income	-	-	
Interest Income	100	100	10
Total Revenues	175,100	146,700	160,00
Expenses			
Salaries and Fringe	99,200	106,600	104,30
Supplies and Services	14,700	15,600	7,70
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	-	
Total Expenses	113,900	122,200	112,00
Revenues Less Expenses	61,200	24,500	48,00
Beginning Balance	100,700	76,200	28,20
Ending Balance Administrative Function	161,900	100,700	76,20
Combined Indemnity Function plus Administrative Function		<b></b>	
Total Revenue (net of license fee credits)	123,000	87,500	67,30
Total Expenses (net of license fee credits)	113,900	122,200	112,00
Net Revenues Less Expenses	9,100	(34,700)	(44,70
Beginning Balance	1,030,700	1,065,400	1,110,10
Ending Balance Vegetable Contractor	1,039,800	1,030,700	1,065,40

#### Note 3 - Revenues

The tables below represent a more detailed presentation of revenue into the fund. Please note that these tables do not include license fee credits as revenue. (For more information on license fee credits, see Note 5.)

## GRAIN DEALER REVENUE DETAIL

	Fiscal Year Ended			
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11	
Indemnity Function SubAccount				
Assessments	56,743	336,963	464,292	
Deferred Payment Assessments	756,958	383,039	212,664	
Penalty Late Assessment	1,010	8,492	4,699	
Interest (allocated)	5,249	4,597	5,427	
Subtotal Indemnity Function	819,960	733,091	687,082	
Administrative Function SubAccount				
Annual License Application Fee	6,925	7,250	7,150	
Annual License Fee (based on purchases)	12,624	61,290	146,909	
Additional Locations License Fee	11,500	10,900	9,500	
Surcharge Non-audited Financial Statement	-	-	-	
Penalty Late Financial Statement	500	500	1,100	
Penalty Late License Renewal	800	600	752	
Penalty Operating Without License New	-	1,500	500	
Penalty Operating Without License Renewal	1,000	1,000	-	
Audit Services for Marketing Boards and Misc.	-	200	382	
Audit Services for Corn Marketing Board	3,600	6,080	4,320	
Audit Services for Soybean Marketing Board	3,600	4,000	4,320	
Interest (allocated)	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	(100)	-	-	
Subtotal Administrative Function	40,449	93,320	174,933	
TOTAL	860,409	826,411	862,015	

#### GRAIN WAREHOUSE KEEPER REVENUE DETAIL

	Fiscal Year Ended		
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11
Indemnity Function SubAccount			
Assessments	62,487	90,132	119,167
Penalty Late Assessment	941	3,959	892
Interest (Allocated)	824	735	801
Subtotal Indemnity Function	64,252	94,825	120,860
Administrative Function SubAccount			
Annual License Application Fee	2,700	2,825	2,750
Additional Locations Fee	5,325	5,475	5,625
Inspection Fees	237,500	250,000	242,000
Supplemental Inspection Fee	28,975	29,175	32,175
Penalty Operating w/o license New	-	500	-
Penalty Operating w/o License Renew	500	500	-
Penalty Late Financial Statement	200	200	400
Penalty Late License Renewal	1,300	600	400
Interest (Allocated)	-	-	-
Misc. adjustments, overpayments & transfers	250		(182)
Subtotal Administrative Function	276,750	289,275	283,168
TOTAL	341,002	384,100	404,028

## MILK CONTRACTOR REVENUE DETAIL

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11		
Indemnity Function SubAccount					
Assessments	82,681	121,352	436,450		
Penalty Late Assessment	788	1,175	1,753		
Interest (allocated)	8,544	8,436	11,650		
Subtotal – Indemnity Function	92,013	130,963	449,853		
Administrative Function SubAccount					
Monthly License Fee	157,672	142,567	132,853		
Annual License Fee	3,050	3,100	2,900		
Penalty Operating w/o license	2,500	2,000	2,000		
Penalty Late Financial Statement	600	900	700		
Penalty Late License Renewal	500	800	1,100		
Penalty Late Monthly Fees	348	545	27		
Interest (allocated)	613	522	662		
Subtotal – Administrative Function	165,283	150,434	140,242		
TOTAL	257,296	281,397	590,095		

### VEGETABLE CONTRACTOR REVENUE DETAIL

	Fiscal Year Ended			
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11	
Indemnity Function SubAccount				
Assessments	30,741	33,850	16,281	
Penalty Late Assessment	56	-	200	
Interest (allocated)	1,096	1,107	1,686	
Subtotal - Indemnity Function	31,893	34,957	18,167	
Administrative Function SubAccount				
Annual License Application Fee	1,700	1,631	1,365	
Contract Obligation License Fee	76,658	37,029	34,572	
Lic Fee Nonparticipating Potato Buyer	12,000	12,863	12,997	
Penalty Operating w/o License (New)	-	500	-	
Penalty Late License Fee	500	200	-	
Penalty Late Financial Statement	100	200	100	
Interest (allocated)	123	95	52	
Miscellaneous (allocated)	-	(5)	-	
Subtotal Administrative Function	91,081	52,513	49,086	
TOTAL	122,974	87,470	67,253	

#### **Assessments**

The Division maintains billing and account receivable systems that track assessments by individual contractor and by license year. Each contractor's assessment amount is calculated by multiplying the "assessment rate" by the contractor's total procurements (or storage capacity in the case of grain warehouse keepers).

Generally, assessment rates are calculated using a complex formula that is based on the contractor's current ratio and debt-to-equity ratio. The assessment rate is higher for contractors having weaker financial positions. The assessment rate for contractors that are not required to file a financial statement is a fixed rate based on the number of years the contractor contributed to the Fund. The Department calculates the annual assessment at the beginning of each license year. <sup>3</sup>

#### **License Fees and Inspection Fees**

License fees must be paid to obtain a license. Whereas assessments (discussed above) are intended to provide a source of funding in the event producers need to be reimbursed for a default; *license fees* and *inspection fees* for grain warehouse keepers are meant to pay for the operating expenditures of the Program. Hence, assessment revenue is reported in the indemnity function subaccounts whereas *license fee revenue* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For more details about the assessment calculation, please see Wisconsin Statutes Sections 126.15, 126.30, 126.46, 126.60 and Wisconsin Administrative Code Sections ATCP 99.135, ATCP 99.255, ATCP 100.135 and ATCP 101.255. Further, assessment calculators are available by clicking into the various areas of <a href="https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs">https://datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs</a> Services/AgriculturalProducerSecurity.aspx

is reported in the administrative function subaccounts. Further, whereas assessment rates are partially based on the amount of risk a given licensee poses (they incorporate the licensee's balance sheet ratios into the formula) – license fees are based simply on the overall purchases (or storage capacity) of the licensee.

#### Grain Dealer Revenue Detail

- Nonrefundable license processing fee of \$25.
- Base License fee of \$0.0010 per bushel, and rounding the product to the nearest \$100, less any fee credits for which the grain dealer qualifies.
   Except license fee may not be less than \$100 or more than \$10,000.
- Additional locations fee (for each location greater than one) of \$100
- Audit services for marketing boards. While on site for routine grain dealer audits, the bureau regularly performs compliance exams on behalf of the Wisconsin Corn Marketing Board and the Wisconsin Soybean Marketing Board to confirm grain dealers are properly reporting check-off obligations to those organizations. The Program then bills the marketing boards for time spent doing this work.

#### Grain Warehouse Keeper Revenue Detail

- Nonrefundable license processing fee of \$25.
- o Additional locations license fee of \$25 for each grain warehouse location.
- Inspection Fees. \$0.0025 per bushel, rounding the product to the nearest \$1,000, less any fee credits for which the grain warehouse keeper qualifies. Except, the inspection fee may not be less than \$1,000 or more than \$10,000.
- Supplemental inspection fee, for each location other than the main location, of \$275.

#### Milk Contractor Revenue Detail

- Nonrefundable license processing fee of \$25.
- Monthly License fees, by the 25th day of each month, a monthly license fee of \$0.0015 for each 100 pounds of producer milk that the milk contractor procured in this state during the preceding month, less any fee credits for which the milk contractor qualifies.

#### Vegetable Contractor Revenue Detail

- Nonrefundable license processing fee of \$25.
- Contract Obligation fees of \$25 plus \$0.0875 cents for each \$100 in contract obligations reported, less any fee credits for which the vegetable contractor qualifies.
- A processing potato buyer may elect not to participate in the fund.
- A processing potato buyer that has elected not to participate in the fund pays the lesser of \$25 plus \$0.0875 for each \$100 in contract obligations reported or \$2,000.

#### **Late Payment Surcharges and Other Penalties**

Under both the license fee and the assessment provisions of the producer security law; there are several penalties and surcharges. These include:

- Late fee for failing to file an annual license renewal application and license fee payment. (\$100)
- Late fee for failing to pay a monthly license fee when due (milk contractors only).
   (20% of the amount due)
- Late fee for failing to file a required financial statement. (\$100)
- Surcharge for operating without a license. (\$500)
- Late fee for failing to pay an assessment installment by the required due date.
   (\$50 or 10% of the amount due; whichever is greater)

#### **Interest Revenue**

The Wisconsin Department of Administration deposits interest into the fund at the end of each month. The interest rate is determined monthly based on the overall return on the State of Wisconsin's entire cash holdings. The division allocates interest revenue among the eight subaccounts based on each subaccount's prior month ending balance as a percentage of the entire fund. Except that, in the event that a subaccount has a negative balance, that subaccount is ignored and the interest is allocated among the subaccounts with positive balances. Generally, the monthly interest rates received by the fund rise and fall along with other interest rates throughout the broader economy. For the Fiscal Years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011; the Fund received interest revenue of \$16,449.28, \$15,491.92 and \$20,275.87 respectively. This means that average annualized interest rates for these three years were 0.14%, 0.14%, and 0.19% respectively.

#### Miscellaneous Revenue and Expenditure

No amount has been allocated to Miscellaneous Revenue and Expenditures for the time period presented in the charts above.

#### Note 4 – Expenditures

#### **Employee Expenditures**

Throughout the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the program had a total of 13.42 full time employees (FTEs) authorized to the program. The State Budget for the 2011-13 biennium included a provision to eliminate 1.47 FTE from the program. Therefore, as of July 1, 2011, the total FTE count was 11.95. The Department has authority to allocate FTEs within the license type subaccounts. The Department strives to place each FTE in the industry subaccount for which that person performs most of their duties. Positions that cannot be directly tied to an individual industry subaccount are allocated proportionally among the four subaccounts. The Division has periodically made revisions to the allocations to ensure they reflect the actual work being done as accurately as possible.

Allocation of the authorized FTEs, as of June 30, 2013, is shown in the schedule below.

	Grain Dealer	Grain Warehouse Keeper	Milk Contractor	Vegetable Contractors	Total
Agricultural Auditor	2.80	2.20	3.20	0.80	9.00
Agricultural Auditor Supervisor	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	1.00
Financial Specialist			0.70		0.70
Office Operations Associate	0.60	0.40			1.00
Unassigned (Vacant – 0.25 FTE)					0.25
TOTAL	3.65	2.85	4.15	1.05	11.95

Due to recent retirements and vacancies these allocations were reviewed and minor adjustments were made in fiscal year 2013.

#### **Expenditure Detail**

Following, is a detail of expenditures incurred by each of the four program areas. All expenditures were incurred from the administrative function subaccounts.

# GRAIN DEALER EXPENDITURE DETAIL

	Year Ended			
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11	
Personnel Expenditures				
Classified Civil Services Salaries	188,593	202,533	185,739	
Fringe Benefit Expenditure	73,509	78,929	98,417	
Subtotal	262,102	281,462	284,156	
Supplies and Services				
Advertising/Legal Notices	-	308	-	
Contractual Services Exp	1,618	3,178	1,762	
<b>Dues and Subscriptions</b>	120	270	100	
Indirect Cost Allowance	13,560	13,706	13,341	
Insurance	722	962	1,190	
Maint & Repair - Land/Structures	-	17	-	
Mailing	684	933	916	
Maint & Repair - Other Equipment	7	10	31	
Non State or Non-STS Calls	765	753	707	
Other Admin & Operating	1,254	97	1,853	
Printing	136	144	253	
Rent/Lease of Equipment	167	167	167	
Rent Privately-Owned Space	-	-	-	
Rental of State-Owned Space	23,156	23,230	22,207	
Materials & Supplies Other	942	1,054	436	
STS Charges	-	-	-	
Travel & Training / In-State	3,421	3,168	3,841	
Travel & Training /Out-of-State	336	478	304	
Other Travel & Training Exp	13,932	15,895	16,393	
Subtotal	60,820	64,370	63,501	
Miscellaneous Expenditure	1,982	-		
Total Grain Dealer Expenditures	323,418	345,832	347,657	

# GRAIN WAREHOUSE KEEPER EXPENDITURE DETAIL

	Year Ended			
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11	
Personnel Expenditures				
Classified Civil Services Salaries	160,401	172,329	164,056	
Fringe Benefit Expenditure	76,253	77,506	88,853	
Subtotal	236,654	249,835	252,909	
Supplies and Services				
Advertising/Legal Notices	-	308	-	
Contractual Services Exp	1,374	2,738	1,497	
Dues and Subscriptions	80	80	100	
Indirect Cost Allowance	11,517	11,640	11,331	
Insurance	626	823	1,190	
Mailing	380	423	526	
Maint & Repair - Other Equipment	7	10	31	
Non State or Non-STS Calls	780	772	723	
Other Admin & Operating	1,145	-	1,253	
Printing	49	50	54	
Rent/Lease of Equipment	167	167	167	
Rent Privately-Owned Space	-	-	-	
Rental of State-Owned Space	19,651	19,742	19,080	
Materials & Supplies Other	732	796	390	
STS Charges	-	-	-	
Travel & Training / In-State	1,869	2,048	2,382	
Travel & Training /Out-of-State	102	-	41	
Other Travel & Training Exp	9,462	10,689	10,734	
Subtotal	47,941	50,286	49,499	
Miscellaneous Expenditure				
Total Grain Warehouse Keeper Expenditures	284,595	300,121	302,408	

# MILK CONTRACTOR EXPENDITURE DETAIL

	Year Ended		
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11
Personnel Expenditures			
Classified Civil Services Salaries	212,044	230,187	215,320
Fringe Benefit Expenditure	76,368	100,834	107,891
Subtotal	288,412	331,021	323,211
Supplies and Services			
Advertising/Legal Notices	-	-	-
Contractual Services Exp	1,773	3,066	1,664
Dues and Subscriptions	-	-	150
Indirect Cost Allowance	16,718	12,391	15,899
Insurance	843	1,074	1,152
Maint & Repair - Land/Struct.	38	-	-
Mailing	1,103	1,227	1,364
Maint & Repair - Other Equipment	192	181	183
Non State or Non-STS Calls	1,872	1,773	1,770
Other Admin & Operating	1,785	-	1,364
Printing	15	227	438
Rent/Lease of Equipment	373	406	394
Rent Privately-Owned Space	1,281	1,232	1,126
Rental of State-Owned Space	20,710	20,796	15,143
Materials & Supplies Other	1,365	1,124	959
STS Charges	-	-	-
Supplies & Services Transfer	-	-	(7,220)
Travel & Training / In-State	4,819	3,285	3,622
Travel & Training /Out-of-State	681	421	884
Other Travel & Training Exp	3,699	3,886	3,301
Subtotal	57,267	51,089	42,193
Miscellaneous Expenditure		-	
Total Milk Contractor Expenditures	345,679	382,110	365,404

# VEGETABLE CONTRACTOR EXPENDITURE DETAIL

	Year Ended			
	30-Jun-13	30-Jun-12	30-Jun-11	
Personnel Expenditures				
Classified Civil Services Salaries	72,718	76,641	71,962	
Fringe Benefit Expenditure	26,431	29,951	32,310	
Subtotal	99,149	106,592	104,272	
Supplies and Services				
Contractual Services Exp	532	1,168	483	
Dues and Subscriptions	-	-	-	
Indirect Cost Allowance	4,458	3,755	3,107	
Insurance	217	328	308	
Mailing	105	148	111	
Non State or Non-STS Calls	180	175	173	
Other Admin & Operating	1,063	-	625	
Printing	54	45	24	
Rent Privately-Owned Space	320	315	375	
Rental of State-Owned Space	6,472	6,499	5,048	
Materials & Supplies Other	175	-	65	
Supplies & Services Transfer	-	-	(3,556)	
Travel & Training / In-State	928	1,930	548	
Travel & Training /Out-of-State	-	208	95	
Other Travel & Training Exp	179	1,042	300	
Subtotal	14,683	15,613	7,706	
Miscellaneous Expenditure		-		
Total Vegetable Contractor Expenditures	113,832	122,205	111,978	

Supplies and services expenditures are charged to the individual subaccounts based on employee allocations. For example, the Wisconsin Department of Administration collects rent for office space from the department. The Department allocates the rent expenditures across the industry license type categories based on the number of FTEs in each individual program. Therefore, the allocation of FTEs among the four subaccounts has a direct impact on supplies and services expenditure amounts listed in the schedules above.

#### Note 5 – Fund Balances and Statutory Trigger Amounts

#### **License Fee Credits**

The crediting of excess Fund balances over the minimum threshold is an integral component of the program. Should the balance attributable to any one of the four industry groups exceed the specified minimum threshold, the department must use a portion of the excess as a credit to the next year's license fees owed by contributing contractors in that particular industry license type category. The minimum balance threshold for each license type is as follows:

•	Grain Dealers	\$2,000,000 on June 30 [s. 126.11(6), Wis. Stats.]
•	Grain Warehouses Keepers	\$ 300,000 on June 30 [s. 126.26(5), Wis. Stats.]
•	Milk Contractors	\$4,000,000 on February 28 [s. 126.42(3), Wis. Stats.]
•	Vegetable Contractors	\$ 825,000 on November 30 [s. 126.56(6), Wis. Stats.]

In the event any of the industry groups exceed the thresholds listed above, the Department, in the following license year, issues a license fee credit to each contributing contractor who files a timely application. For the Grain Dealer, Milk Contractor and Vegetable Contractor license groups, the amount of the credit is fifty percent (50%) of the excess above the minimum balance threshold. In the case of the Grain Warehouse Keeper license group, the amount of the credit is twelve and a half percent (12.5%) of the excess. The credit is allocated among the contractors based on the total amount paid in license fees over the four preceding license years.

The vegetable contractor, milk contractor and grain dealer license groups received license fee credits in each of the three fiscal years reported in this document.

#### **Minimum and Maximum Fund Balances**

Ch. 126, Wis. Stats., permits the Department to modify fund assessments by administrative rule. Further, the statute *requires* the Department to modify assessments in order to maintain fund balances greater than the minimum and less than the maximum amounts.<sup>4</sup> These amounts are as follows:

	Minimum Statutory Balance	Actual Balance as of June 30, 2013	Maximum Statutory Balance
Grain Dealers	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 3,855,840	\$ 6,000,000
Grain Warehouse Keepers	\$ 200,000	\$ (198,249)	\$ 1,000,000
Milk Contractors	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 7,616,692	\$ 12,000,000
Vegetable Contractors	\$ 800,000	\$ 1,039,816	\$ 3,000,000
Entire Fund	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 12,314,099	\$ 22,000,000

#### **Assessment Holiday**

Pursuant to administrative rules,<sup>5</sup> contractors who have been contributing contractors for at least five years may forego paying any fund assessments for the following license

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 126.88, Wis. Stats.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ATCP 99.126(5), ATCP 99.235(4), ATCP 100.135(10), and ATCP 101.245(4), Wisconsin Administrative Code.

year if, as of the specified date, the overall fund balance is at least \$11,000,000, and fund balance attributable to the industry group meets the specified minimum balance:

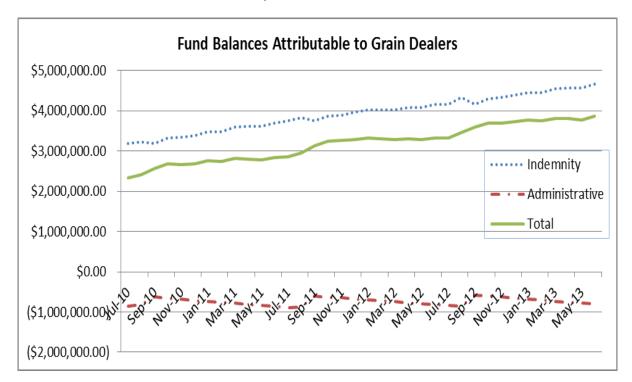
- For grain dealers, \$3,000,000 as of May 31
- For grain warehouse keepers, \$500,000 as of May 31
- For milk contractors, \$6,000,000 as of February 28
- For vegetable contractors, \$1,500,000 as of November 30

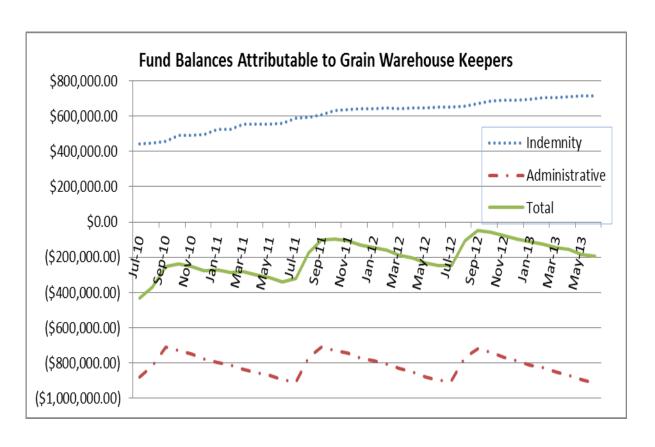
As of February 28, 2013, the fund balance attributable to milk contractors was \$7,614,531 and the overall fund balance was \$12,289,053. Therefore, contributing milk contractors that have contributed in each of the five preceding license years do not need to pay an annual assessment for the license year that began May 1, 2013 and will end on April 30, 2014.

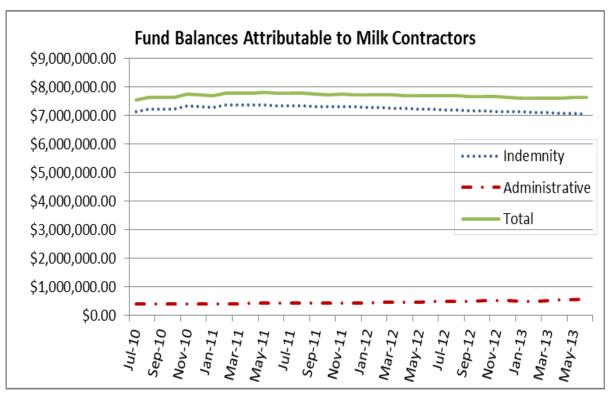
As of May 31, 2013 the fund balance attributable to grain dealers was \$3,777,455 and the overall fund balance was \$12,255,714. Therefore, contributing grain dealers that have contributed in each of the five preceding license years do not need to pay an annual assessment for the license year that began September 1, 2013 and will end on August 31, 2014.

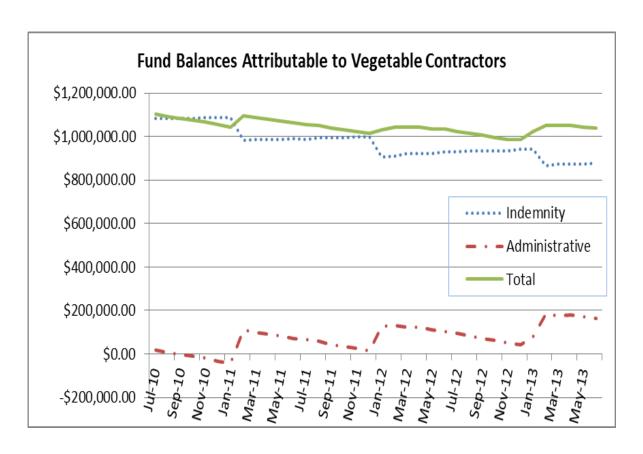
#### **Subaccount Monthly Cash Balances**

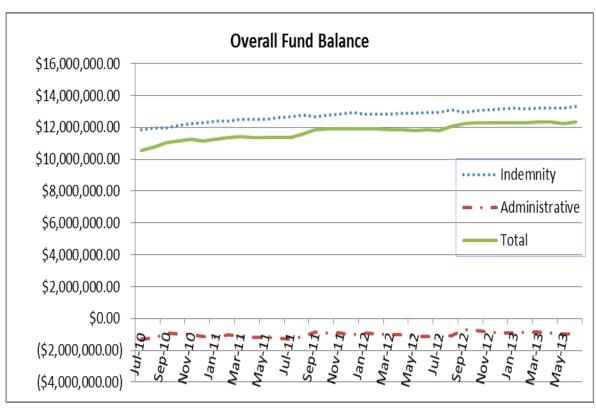
Cash balances in each subaccount at the end of each month during the Fiscal Years 2011, 2012 and 2013 are shown in the charts below. There is a chart for each of the four industry groups, plus a chart for the overall Fund. On each chart, there are lines representing the month-end balance for the indemnity function subaccount, administrative function subaccount, and the net of both.











#### Note 6 - Individual Security

The department holds security from some licensed contractors for the benefit of producers. The security can be filed in the form of an irrevocable letter of credit, commercial surety bond, certificate of deposit or cash. Security is held for various reasons which include the following:

- **Disqualified:** Contractors who have a financial statement that shows negative owners equity when they are first applying for a license must file individual security. These contractors do not contribute to the fund.
- Deferred Payment: Grain dealers that use deferred payment and have debt to equity ratios that do not meet the minimum statutory requirement<sup>6</sup> must file individual security in addition to contributing to the fund.
- Estimated Default Exposure in Excess of \$20 million. Contributing contractors who do not meet minimum financial ratios<sup>7</sup> and whose estimated default exposure exceeds \$20 million dollars are required to post security in an amount equal to the difference between the contractor's estimated default exposure and \$20 million. These contractors receive a proportionate reduction in their annual assessments.
- **Voluntary:** Contributing contractors whose estimated default exposure exceeds the maximum amount that can be paid out of the fund for any one default (60% of the total fund balance) may voluntarily file security to cover the difference. These contractors receive a proportionate reduction in their annual assessments.
- Other: If a contributing contractor is unable to file a required financial statement for initial licensing, is otherwise unable to comply with statutory provisions, or presents an especially excessive risk to producers, the department may require individual security.

As of June 30, 2013, the department held a total of \$67,351,531 in individual securities. As of June 30, 2012, the department held a total of \$69,572,653 in individual securities. And as of June 30, 2011, the department held a total of \$72,295,169 in individual securities. The total amount of security held as of June 30, 2013, by type of security and reason it was held, is shown in the table below.

	Bonds	Letter of (	Credit	CDs and oth cash equivale		Total Security
Grain Dealers						
Disqualified	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Deferred Payment	120,000	26	66,000	921	863	1,307,863
Exposure Greater than \$20 Million	-		-		-	-
Voluntary	23,000,000		-		-	23,000,000
Other	-		-		-	-
Total	\$ 23,120,000	\$ 26	66,000	\$ 921.	863	\$ 24,307,863

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The minimum requirement is a debt to equity ratio of 4:1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The current ratio must be at least 1.25:1 and the debt to equity ratio must be no more than 4:1 for grain dealers, grain warehouse keepers, and vegetable contractors; and 2:1 for milk contractors.

	В	onds	Letter	of Credit	 nd other quivalents	Tota	I Security
Milk Contractors					,		
Disqualified	\$	-	\$	865,400	\$ 142,400		1,007,800
Exposure Greater than \$20 Million	3	3,775,800		-	-	33	3,775,800
Voluntary		7,710,000		-	-	-	7,710,000
Other		-		500,000	-		500,000
Total	\$ 4	1,485,800	\$	1,365,400	\$ 142,400	\$ 42	2,993,600
	В	onds	Letter	of Credit	 nd other quivalents	Tota	I Security
Vegetable Contractors							
Disqualified	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Exposure Greater than \$20 Million		-		-	-		-
Voluntary		-		-	-		-
Other		-		-	50,068		50,068
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 50,068	\$	50,068

#### Note 7 – Aggregate Estimated Default Exposure

As of June 30, 2013, the grand total of all contractors' "Estimated Default Exposure" was \$1,143,629,402. "Estimated Default Exposure" is defined in the statutes and is generally intended to be a measure of the monetary risk to producers should a contractor default on obligations.

The definitions of "Estimated Default Exposure", specific to each contractor type, are listed below:

- Grain Dealers.<sup>8</sup> The sum of:
  - Thirty-five percent of the grain dealer's average monthly payment for the 3 months, during the preceding 12 months, in which the grain dealer made the largest monthly payments for producer grain procured in this state
  - The grain dealer's highest total, at any one time during the preceding 12 months, of unpaid obligations for producer grain procured in this state.
- **Grain Warehouse Keepers.** Twenty percent of the current local market value of grain that the grain warehouse keeper holds in this state for others.
- Milk Contractors. 10 Seventy-five percent of either:
  - the highest amount of unpaid milk payroll obligations at any time during the previous 12 months, or
  - the highest amount of monthly milk payroll obligations at any time during the previous 12 months.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> S. 126.16(1)(c)1., Wis. Stats.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> S. 126.31(1)(b)1., Wis. Stats.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> S. 126.47(1)(b)1., Wis. Stats. The statute allows milk contractors' "estimated default exposure" to be based on either the milk contractor's highest amount outstanding or the milk contractor's highest monthly payroll. The milk contractor may choose either. In most cases, the two numbers are similar to each other (because of traditional payment terms in the dairy industry) and most milk contractor report the monthly payroll number because it is easier to extract from their accounting systems. However, for the few milk contractors who pay producers on shorter payment terms, the highest amount outstanding number could be substantially smaller than the monthly payroll number.

• **Vegetable Contractors.**<sup>11</sup> Seventy-five percent of the highest amount of unpaid contract obligations that the vegetable contractor had at any time during the last twelve months.

A contractor's "Estimated Default Exposure" number is used to determine "notice to producer" requirements and individual security requirements. Using all contractors' "estimated default exposure" amounts in aggregate, as we are here, is beyond the original purpose of the number. Nevertheless, it is at least somewhat useful as an approximate measure for total risk to the fund and to producers.

In the table below, the aggregate "Estimated Default Exposure" for each of the four license types is shown in the columns. Further, the portion of risk that would fall to the fund, producers, and providers of individual security are shown in rows.

Aggregate "Estimated Default Exposure" by Industry Group and by Party that would incur the Loss

	Grain Deale	er	Grain Wareho Keeper	ouse	Milk Contractor		Vegetable Contractor		Overall	
Fund	\$ 228,618,725	54%	\$ 52,668,700	68%	\$ 152,610,776	29%	\$ 37,417,458	33%	\$ 471,315,659	41%
Producers										
Copayment on fund claim	53,879,931	13%	15,338,593	20%	106,276,067	20%	8,843,596	8%	184,338,187	16%
Contractor exceeds max fund payout*	116,053,615	28%	9,479,586	12%	112,365,529	21%	42,129,844	37%	280,028,574	24%
Nonparticipating contractors	-	0%	-	0%	116,223,914	22%	25,917,728	23%	142,141,642	12%
Producers Sub Total	169,933,546	40%	24,818,179	32%	334,865,510	63%	76,891,168	67%	606,508,403	53%
Individual Security	22,761,672	5%	-	0%	42,993,600	8%	50,068	0%	65,805,340	6%
Grand Total	\$ 421,313,943		\$ 77,486,879		\$ 530,469,886		\$ 114,358,694		\$ 1,143,629,402	

The amounts shown in the table above for milk contractor and vegetable contractor are simply the total of amounts that each individual contractor is required to report to DATCP on their annual license application (or more frequently if the contractor maintains individual security). The amounts shown on the table above for grain dealer and grain warehouse keeper are estimates extrapolated from a limited sample of individual licensees' purchase and storage records.

The rows in the table above show the distribution of risk. For any one potential default by any one contractor, the financial loss would be distributed among three basic areas: the Producer Security Fund, producers with whom the defaulting contractor did business or providers of individual security (mostly surety companies in the case of bonds or banks in the case of letters of credit). Focusing more specifically on producers; there are three ways that default losses by a licensed contractor can be incurred by the producer:

Claims against the fund require a copayment. Generally, fund claims against milk
contractors and grain dealers are 80% of the loss, fund claims against vegetable
contractors are 90% of the loss. (These percentages are lower for claim amounts that
exceed certain thresholds.) Fund claims against grain warehouse keepers are 100%
of the loss; but are limited to \$100,000 per producer.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> S. 126.61(1)(b)1., Wis. Stats.

- Claims exceed amount available in the fund. Total fund payments are limited to 60% of fund balance and some contractors' "estimated default exposure" exceeds that amount.
- Nonparticipating contractors. Some milk contractors and vegetable contractors neither
  participate in the fund nor file individual security. There is no fund or security coverage
  available to producers who do business with these companies. (Milk contractors who
  submit Audited financial statements that show certain minimum balance sheet ratios
  may choose whether or not to participate.) (Vegetable contractors who purchase
  potatoes for processing and follow certain contract and payment provisions may optout of the fund if they wish.)

#### Note 8 – License History

In the producer security program, each industry group has a separate license and expiration. The statutory<sup>12</sup> expirations are:

- For Grain Dealers, August 31
- For Grain Warehouse Keepers, August 31
- For Milk Contractors, April 30
- For Vegetable Contractors, January 31

Each contractor reports on the renewal license application the total amount of obligations for a complete fiscal year to have been paid to producers, or for grain warehouse keepers the total storage capacity available. For new contractors, an original application is an estimate of what the contractor predicts will be purchased to make a total obligation or storage capacity for the upcoming 12 month period.

The tables below show the amount of licenses issued and the obligations or for Grain Warehouse the storage capacity reported. For Grain Dealers other reported amounts are total bushels and total deferred payments.

	Grain Dealers					
License Year	# of Licenses issued	Total Purchases Reported				
2013-2014	258	\$2,919,177,409				
2012-2013	271	\$2,663,398,536				
2011-2012	288	\$2,257,068,777				
2010-2011	287	\$1,699,023,817				
2009-2010	292	\$1,739,085,053				
2008-2009	304	\$1,543,566,358				
2007-2008	315	\$ 939,289,125				
2006-2007	324	\$ 691,707,481				
2005-2006	308	\$ 759,116,757				
2004-2005	291	\$ 790,598,092				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> ss. 126.11(4)(g), 126.26(3)(f), 126.41(3)(d) and 126.56(4)(e), Wis. Stats.

	Grain Dealer (continued)					
License Year	Total Bushels Reported	Total Deferred Payment Reported				
2013-2014	400,823,098	\$245,494,568				
2012-2013	424,541,834	\$239,510,773				
2011-2012	454,962,837	\$127,216,085				
2010-2011	361,803,947	\$ 91,623,761				
2009-2010	338,283,870	\$ 81,360,206				
2008-2009	NA	\$ 62,374,687				
2007-2008	NA	\$ 56,623,614				
2006-2007	NA	\$ 46,379,703				
2005-2006	NA	\$ 61,841,188				
2004-2005	NA	\$ 52,122,067				

Grain Warehouse Keepers					
License Year	# of Licenses issued	Total Capacity Reported			
2013-2014	101	109,542,279			
2012-2013	103	102,329,821			
2011-2012	106	99,369,562			
2010-2011	108	138,478,653			
2009-2010	111	121,502,437			
2008-2009	132	185,189,691			
2007-2008	131	186,263,430			
2006-2007	141	183,476,129			
2005-2006	136	157,764,306			
2004-2005	133	143,703,824			

Milk Contractor		
License Year	# of Licenses issued	Total Obligation Reported
2013-2014	120	\$5,612,011,214
2012-2013	119	\$5,544,595,746
2011-2012	118	\$4,465,441,273
2010-2011	114	\$3,527,503,717
2009-2010	115	\$4,873,420,108
2008-2009	116	\$4,469,117,061
2007-2008	114	\$3,930,467,857
2006-2007	109	\$3,925,469,873
2005-2006	115	\$3,995,556,599
2004-2005	111	\$3,038,044,137

Vegetable Contractor		
License Year	# of Licenses issued	Total Obligation Reported
2013-2014	39	\$315,395,738
2012-2013	37	\$236,101,361
2011-2012	37	\$307,748,089
2010-2011	36	\$282,116,910
2009-2010	37	\$213,589,108
2008-2009	36	\$174,331,307
2007-2008	36	\$171,318,055
2006-2007	39	\$159,293,822
2005-2006	40	\$164,116,406
2004-2005	39	\$137,200,177

#### Note 9 – Cuff Nutrition Services, LLC Default

On June 20, 2012, Cuff Nutrition Services, LLC filed for Chapter 7 Bankruptcy in the United States Bankruptcy Court Eastern District of Wisconsin. Cuff was a licensed grain dealer but was not required to hold a grain warehouse keeper license. Between June 28, 2012 and July 26, 2012, the department received four default claims against Cuff from Wisconsin grain producers. Two of the claims related to the sale of grain and two related to storage obligations. Producer Claims relating to storage obligations were not allowed because Cuff was not A licensed grain warehouse keeper. One of the claims filed by a grain producer who sold grain was disallowed because the producer failed to present the check for payment within 30 days of receipt as required by the statute. The remaining claim was paid from the Agricultural Producer Security Fund in the amount of \$1,982.07.

#### Note 10 -Subsequent Events

#### GB Elevator, LLC

Between March 21, 2013 and April 12, 2013, three grain producers filed, with the department, default claims against GB Elevator, LLC. GB was a licensed grain dealer at the time of the default to producers. The department suspended GB's grain dealer license on March 28, 2013. All three claims were allowable and payments were made in August 2013 from the Agricultural Producer Security Fund. The aggregate amount of payments was \$125,001.09.

#### Ruby Grain, LLC

Between September 10, 2013 and September 30, 2013, thirteen producers filed, with the department, default claims against Ruby Grain, LLC. Ruby was a licensed grain dealer at the time of the default to producers. Ruby withdrew their application to renew their grain dealer license for the 2013--2014 license year. A proposed decision has been drafted allowing all thirteen claims. The deadline for filing objections to the proposed decision is December 6, 2013. The aggregate amount of the proposed payments from the Agricultural Producer Security Fund is \$60,269.46.

#### Allens, Inc.

Between September 6, 2013 and November 12, 2013, fifteen producers filed, with the department, default claims against Allens, Inc. On October 28, 2013, Allens filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 bankruptcy. Allen's was a licensed vegetable contractor at the time of the default to producers. The department revoked Allens vegetable contractor license on November 18, 2013. An investigation is under way to determine potential claims against the Agricultural Producer Security Fund. Pending outcomes from both the bankruptcy and the department's default proceeding, payments from the Fund could reach several million dollars.